

NEXT HOUSE WILL BE DEMOCRATIC MRS. CRIPPEN SEEN IN THIS COUNTRY LANDSLIDE WOULD OVERTURN SENATE

That Is Forecast of Trained Political Observers. Philadelphia Attorney Confident She Still Is Alive. But Odds Are Against Democratic Capture of Upper House. WILL SEEK STAY OF EXECUTION BODY WILL BE MUCH CHANGED

Chicago Tribune Gives Democrats Majority of 23, but Many Believe More Decisive Victory Will Be Won—Republicans Are Facing Disintegration.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, November 6.—The complexion of the next House of Representatives will be decidedly Democratic, according to forecasts emanating from trained political observers all over the country. A careful canvass, made by the Chicago Tribune, an independent Republican paper, predicts that of the 391 congressional districts in the United States 182 will safely go to the Democrats and 167 to the Republicans, with 42 doubtful. Of the doubtful ones 25 are Democratic on a conservative guess, which would figure the general result as 207 Democrats at 207 and the Republicans 184, thus giving the Democrats a majority of 23.

There are many political authorities asserting that conditions will be far more favorable than the Tribune forecast. Some say nothing short of a Democratic landslide now strongly favors the Democratic party. Probabilities of a landslide, however, are not warranted.

While there is considerable protest against the high cost of living, the failure of the Republican party to keep its promises as regards a downward revision of the tariff and the reluctance of the reactionary element of the Republican party to give satisfactory response to the pleas of tariff reformers, there are others who believe that the Republicans are on the right road and would eventually attain the desired results. One thing is certain; the Democrats are better organized than they have been in fifteen years, and the Republicans are facing disintegration in many sections.

**Hottest State Fight.** The hottest State ticket fight is that in New York in which the personality of Theodore Roosevelt, his aims, ambitions and potentially for good or evil, constitute the all-absorbing question.

Tammany Hall and Wall Street influences have aligned themselves with Democratic Nominee John A. Dix. The question arises whether this influence in the present state of affairs will help or harm Mr. Dix. The fight being waged by the Republicans hinges on the record of their candidate, Mr. Stimson, gained while he was prosecuting the Sugar Trust, and on Mr. Roosevelt's personality and policies. Political experts on both sides freely predict that Mr. Dix will be elected by a majority ranging anywhere from 35,000 to 50,000 votes. The New York Times, after a careful poll, in which it was assisted by both Republican and Democratic county chairmen, places Mr. Dix's plurality at \$5,000. The State Legislature is conceded to the Republicans by a narrow margin. The only chance of the Democrats gaining control there must come from nothing short of a moderate landslide.

Ohio, where the result will have an important bearing on whether President Taft will be renominated or not in 1912, is claimed by both Republicans and Democrats, but most forecasts show that the Democratic nominee, present Governor Harmon, will be re-elected, while Mr. Harding, the Republican candidate, must suffer defeat because of the disorganization of his party. Mr. Harmon's plurality is not expected to be very large, compared with the forecasts for some of the other States.

**Result in Doubt.** In Massachusetts the result is in doubt. The State is claimed by Mr. Draper, the Republican nominee, by the "normal Republican majority." Representative Foss, his Democratic opponent, says he will be elected by a margin of 500.

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Preparing for Postal Savings Banks



The board of trustees of the new postal savings bank and the father of the bill. At the top, beginning at the right, are: Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, Postmaster-General Hitchcock and Attorney-General Wickersham, who constitute the board of trustees. Senator Carter, of Montana, who introduced the postal savings bank bill into the Senate, is shown below.

BOY'S LEG BROKEN BY AUTOMOBILE ROOSEVELT'S CAR IN FATAL SMASHUP

Mr. Stagg Runs Over Eldridge McDonnell, Six Years Old, on Main Street. Cousin of the Ex-President Figures in Automobile Accident.

JUST OUT OF STREET CAR HIS CHAUFFEUR KILLED

Victim Calmly Gave His Name, and Was Driven Home to His Mother. Race in Ninety-Horsepower Machines Ends When One Turns Turtle.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, November 6.—When John Ellis Roosevelt, a cousin of Ex-President Roosevelt, and a lawyer of this city, attempted to drive his powerful automobile ahead of one owned and driven by Henry Sanderson, a broker, whose office is at 2 Wall Street, and who is a member of the Metropolitan Club, while the two, each accompanied by friends from New York, were racing their machines at a high speed over the State Road, three miles west of Montgomery, Orange county, this morning, the forward axle of Mr. Roosevelt's car broke at the knuckle on the left side, the car whirled in a half somersault into the ditch and then skidded on the top of the tonneau for fully fifty feet.

Alexander E. Ebbel, who lived at 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, and was Mr. Roosevelt's chauffeur, was instantly killed. John T. Sill, a retired merchant, who lived at the Metropolitan Club, had both arms broken a short distance above the wrists. George H. Robinson, of New Rochelle, sustained a fractured rib, and possibly internal injuries, and Mr. Roosevelt, who was knocked unconscious by the fall from the overturning car, had his head and face badly lacerated.

A farmer, who happened to be some distance behind the two cars a minute before the accident occurred, and was one of the first to reach the overturned machine, said that the two cars seemed to him to be making little less than sixty miles an hour when Mr. Roosevelt's car took the leap into the air. The accident to Mr. Roosevelt's car came just at the minute that he was taking the side of the road in an effort to pass the car which was driven by Mr. Sanderson. The front wheel struck a soft spot in the hard road, and the breaking of the forward axle followed instantly.

**Race Is Started.** When the two automobiles struck the fine road beyond Alford's Corner, it seems that a friendly rivalry sprang up between Sanderson, whose ninety-horsepower car was in the lead, and Mr. Roosevelt, who did not purpose to take any of Sanderson's dust when he had a car of the same capacity. Several farmers heard the screech of Sanderson's siren and pulled out of the road too soon, as the leading car whirled by.

Mr. Roosevelt's car gained on Sanderson, and on a straight road, with no obstructing vehicles in sight as far as he could see, Mr. Roosevelt attempted to make the swing and pass the car ahead of him. It was just then that the right front wheel sank in a small patch of loose sand, filling a depression in the roadway. There was a violent wrench, the car skidded for a fraction of a second, then the axle snapped and the big machine turned turtle.

Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Sill and Mr. Robinson were all thrown far ahead and clear of the car when it turned. Ebbel the chauffeur, who was sitting in the front seat beside Mr. Roosevelt, evidently had some portion of his clothing caught by the steering wheel, for when the machine turned he was unpowered on the hard road for a distance of almost fifty feet before it came to a stop squarely in the middle of the road, and at right angles to it.

**Cyclone Does Damage.** Lisbon, November 6.—A cyclone has done great damage at Villa Real, in the province of Trás-os-Montes. The casualties are not yet known, but several small craft have been sunk, and in one case the entire crew of ten perished.

**Sir Clifton Robinson Dead.** New York, November 6.—Sir Clifton Robinson, managing director and engineer of the London United Electric Tramways, and director of the underground railways of London, died tonight on a Lexington Avenue street car.

**Pointa Out Dead Man's Body, and In Arrested for Murder.** Columbus, Ga., November 6.—Wearing the dead man's hat, Robert Jiles, aged sixty-three, led a posse into the woods west of Girard, Ala., this morning to the body of J. D. Thomason, a butcher of Phoenix City, Ala., and was arrested charged with the killing. A bullet hole back of the ear showed he had been shot. Jiles early today volunteered to lead a posse to the body of the dead man, and the posse stated he saw Jiles toss a pistol into a nearby bush. One of Thomason's sons identified the revolver as that of his father. Jiles was taken to the Russell county Ala., jail.

**HE LEADS POSSE**

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CAMPAIGN OVER, AND DEMOCRATS ARE JUBILANT

They Expect to Win Both Houses of Congress.

BELIEVE G. O. P. IS ON THE RUN

Exceedingly Bitter Fights Have Been Made in Pivotal States. Twenty-eight States Will Elect Governors, and Thirty-six Will Name Legislatures.

Status of the Present House of Representatives

State	Present House	Dem. Rep.
Alabama	7	7
Arkansas	7	7
California	8	8
Colorado	3	3
Connecticut	5	5
Delaware	3	3
Florida	11	11
Georgia	11	11
Idaho	1	1
Illinois	6	19
Indiana	11	2
Iowa	1	10
Kansas	8	8
Kentucky	7	7
Louisiana	8	8
Maine	7	4
Maryland	3	3
Massachusetts	4	10
Michigan	12	12
Minnesota	1	8
Mississippi	5	5
Missouri	19	1
Montana	1	1
Nebraska	3	3
Nevada	1	1
New Hampshire	2	2
New Jersey	3	7
New York	12	25
North Carolina	7	2
North Dakota	3	13
Ohio	8	13
Oklahoma	2	3
Oregon	2	2
Pennsylvania	5	27
Rhode Island	2	2
South Carolina	7	2
South Dakota	2	2
Tennessee	16	2
Texas	1	1
Utah	1	1
Vermont	2	2
Virginia	9	2
Washington	5	2
West Virginia	1	10
Wisconsin	1	1
Wyoming	1	1

States where important contests will be waged—Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maryland, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania.

States electing Governors—Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, November 6.—Will the Sixty-second Congress be Democratic or Republican? This is the most important question to be decided at the elections to be held throughout the country on Tuesday next.

All the rigors of the campaign are now over, and the candidates are anxiously awaiting the results of their efforts. What the outcome will be, of course, no one can tell. Not since the famous free silver and gold campaign of 1896 have political forecasts been so completely in the dark.

Democratic leaders all over the country are highly jubilant, and wear an air of unusual confidence. They not only claim a majority in the House of Representatives, but express the belief that sufficient Democratic Legislatures will be elected through the country to insure a majority in the Senate.

**The Present House.** At present there are 391 members in the lower house, of whom 217 are Republicans and 174 Democrats. Owing to the growth of insurgency, which the Democrats claim has caused an irreconcilable split in the ranks of the Republican party, a large number of the latter are now in the ranks of the insurgents, which exists throughout the country.

The Payne-Adair bill, the Democratic leaders feel confident of overcoming this majority. To this end they have directed their fire to a number of the so-called pivotal States, such as Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Iowa and Maryland. Should they succeed in capturing the doubtful districts in these States, they would undoubtedly be assured of a majority.

Their confidence in doing this is due to a great measure to the early fall elections held in the Down East States, and the special congressional elections, which were held to fill vacancies in the House. The most notable of these was the election in Maine, where a Democratic measure to elect a Democratic Governor, and two out of the four Congressmen, was placed in the hands of the country, also showed a substantial falling off of the Republican vote.

At the special election held in the Sixth Missouri District to elect a successor to the late David De Armond (a Republican), Clement C. Dickinson, a Republican, was carried into office by a substantial majority. In the Fourteenth Massachusetts District, a rock-bound Republican section, Eugene Foss, Democrat, was elected to succeed the late William C. Lovering, a Republican.

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